REMARKS

Claims 1-36 are pending. Claims 1-3, 7, 9-16, 18, 20-23, 25-31, and 33-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e). Claims 4-6, 8, 17, 19, 24, and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a).

Claims 1, 11-12, 18, and 26-27 are rejected as being anticipated by Waykayama (U.S. Pat. No. 6,130,905. Examiner cites column 7, line 46 through column 10, line 41 in support of this rejection. Therein, Waykayama discloses a frequency hopping pattern at Figure 5 (f1-f4). The duration at each frequency, for example frequency f1, includes an occupied time t and a holding time Ta. The occupied time t is a certain period of time for the frequency to stabilize after each hop. (col. 2, lines 54-57). Communication is not possible during the occupied time. (col. 3, lines 3-5). The holding time Ta is the time duration at each frequency. (col. 2, lines 57-64). The holding time is set by dial unit 39 (Figure 3) and stored in memory unit 40. (col. 5, lines 5-6). Thus, communication device 1a has time (Ta-t) available at frequency f1 for transmission to communication device 1b. (col. 8, lines 12-15).

Claim 1-10 and 33 of the present invention recite "A method of controlling wireless communication between first and second frequency hopping wireless communication devices, comprising: the first device transmitting first data to the second device via a wireless communication link using a first data transmission rate and frequencies specified by a frequency hopping pattern; based on a selected criterion, selecting a single frequency from the frequency hopping pattern; the first device deviating from the frequency hopping pattern for a period of time and transmitting second data to the second device via the wireless communication link on said single selected frequency during said period of time instead of on a plurality of frequencies specified by the frequency hopping pattern for transmissions from the first device to the second device during said period of time; and said step of transmitting second data including the first device transmitting the second data to the second device using a second data transmission rate that is different than said first data transmission rate." (emphasis added).

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Waykayama does not disclose any deviation from a frequency hopping pattern. Moreover, Waykayama does not disclose transmitting on a single selected frequency during a period of time instead of on a plurality of frequencies specified by the frequency hopping pattern. In fact, Waykayama specifically teaches it is desirable to frequency hop rather than communicate at a fixed carrier, thereby teaching away from the present invention. Finally, Waykayama fails to disclose a second data transmission rate different from the first data transmission rate. Thus, claims 1-3, 7, and 9-10 are patentable over Waykayama under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e).

Claims 11-17 and 34 recite "A method of controlling wireless communication between first and second frequency hopping wireless communication devices, comprising: the first device transmitting first data to the second device via a wireless communication link using frequencies specified by a frequency hopping pattern; providing second data for transmission from the first device to the second device; based on a selected criterion, selecting a single frequency from the frequency hopping pattern; based on a characteristic of the second data, the first device deviating from the frequency hopping pattern for a period of time and transmitting the second data to the second device via the wireless communication link on the single selected frequency during said period of time instead of on a plurality of frequencies specified by the frequency hopping pattern for transmissions from the first device to the second device during said period of timer." (emphasis added).

Claims 18-25 and 35 recite "A frequency hopping wireless communication apparatus, comprising: a wireless communication interface for transmitting first data to a further frequency hopping wireless communication apparatus via a wireless communication link using a first data transmission rate and frequencies specified by a frequency hopping pattern; a controller coupled to said wireless communication interface for instructing said wireless communication interface to deviate from the frequency hopping pattern for a period of time and transmit second data to the further apparatus via the wireless communication link on a single selected frequency during said period of time instead of on a plurality of frequencies specified by the frequency hopping pattern for transmission from said wireless communication interface to the further apparatus during said

period of time, said single selected frequency selected from the frequency hopping pattern based on a selected criterion; and said controller further for selecting a second data transmission rate for transmission of the second data during said period of time, wherein said second data transmission rate is different than said first data transmission rate." (emphasis added).

Claims 26-32 and 36 recite "A frequency hopping wireless communication apparatus, comprising: a wireless communication interface for transmitting first data to a further frequency hopping wireless communication apparatus via a wireless communication link using frequencies specified by a frequency hopping pattern; an input for receiving information indicative of a characteristic of second data to be transmitted by said wireless communication interface to the further apparatus; and a controller coupled to said input and to said wireless communication interface, said controller operable based on said characteristic for instructing said wireless communication interface to deviate from the frequency hopping pattern for a period of time and transmit the second data to the further apparatus via the wireless communication link on a single selected frequency during said period of time instead of on a plurality of frequencies specified by the frequency hopping pattern for transmissions from said wireless communication interface to the further apparatus during said period of time, said single selected frequency selected from the frequency hopping pattern based on a selected criterion." (emphasis added).

As previously discussed, Waykayama fails to disclose transmitting on a single selected frequency during a period of time instead of on a plurality of frequencies specified by the frequency hopping pattern. Waykayama also fails to disclose a second data transmission rate different from the first data transmission rate. Thus, claims 11-16, 18, 20-23, 25-31, and 34-36 are also patentable over Waykayama under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e).

Applicant has acknowledges the rejections of claims 4-6, 8, 17, 19, 24, and 32 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a), but considers them moot for all the foregoing reasons. No combination of the cited references produces the above-recited claim limitations as required for a *prima facie* obviousness.

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In view of the foregoing, applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and allowance of claims 1-36. If the Examiner finds any issue that is unresolved, please call applicant's attorney by dialing the telephone number printed below.

Respectfully submitted,

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